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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/552,352	10/07/2005	Maurizio Gastaldi	Q90808	9278
23373 7590 07/09/2008 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800			EXAMINER	
			TOLIN, MICHAEL A	
WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1791	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/09/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

SUGHRUE@SUGHRUE.COM

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/552,352	GASTALDI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	MICHAEL A. TOLIN	1791			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 A</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-4 is/are withdrawn is 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 5-7 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 07 October 2005 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the original papers.	r election requirement. r. a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
	anniner. Note the attached Office	Action of format 10-132.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some color None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10-7-05.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of claims 5-7 in the reply filed on 02 April
 acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu (US 5972144) in view of Jeffers (US 2500494).

Hsu teaches a method of making a decorative article of resin comprising the steps of preparing a rubber mold, pouring a resin into the rubber mold, and removing the hardened resin from the mold (column 2, lines 14-33). While Hsu does not explicitly recite a step of removing the hardened resin from the mold, one of ordinary skill in the art would readily appreciate that such a step is provided since the mold is not intended to become part of the finished article.

Hsu does not recite the use of a mold having several identical figures. However, such is well known in the art of casting. For example, Jeffers explains that it is desirable

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to provide a plurality of molds (recessed figures) in a single molding unit (mold) so as to permit production of the articles being formed in multiples (column 2, lines 51-54; Figure 1) and that a plurality of molds (recessed figures) are provided for convenience in casting in multiples (column 3, lines 37-39). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the mold of Hsu with the claimed limitation of multiple identical figures because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to conveniently produce multiple articles in accordance with well known methods as evidenced by Jeffers.

4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu in view of Jeffers is applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Mohiuddin (US 4350739).

Hsu does not recite coating the mold surface prior to pouring the resin. However, such is known in the art of molding for providing a uniform and firmly adherent coating with a reduction in the number of post-molding operations and the elimination of mold release material. Exemplary coatings include decorative and protective coatings such as paints. See Mohiuddin (column 1, lines 1637, lines 45-47, lines 55-58; column 2, lines 8-12, lines 18-29, lines 61-63; column 3, lines 9-12, lines 36-39). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the claimed step of coating because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide a decorative or protective coating in a manner having the above noted advantages in accordance with the teachings of Mohiuddin.

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5. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu in view of Jeffers is applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Tukakoshi (US 5226993).

Hsu does not recite a manner of adhering the decorative article to a substrate. However, it is well known to adhere such decorative articles to a substrate using biadhesive sheet, as evidenced by Tukakoshi (Abstract; column 1, lines 8-25; column 2, lines 17-28). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the claimed step of applying a bi-adhesive sheet because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide known suitable means for adhering a decorative article to a substrate, as evidenced by Tukakoshi.

6. Claims 5 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tukakoshi in view of Hsu and Jeffers.

The claims are rejected here in the alternative to provide stronger motivation for attaching a bi-adhesive sheet. Tukakoshi is directed to forming a decorative article of the type which is adhered to a substrate such as a passenger car with bi-adhesive tape (Abstract; column 1, lines 8-48; column 2, lines 11-31). While Tukakoshi suggests forming the decorative article by injection molding (column 2, lines 56-58), other suitable methods of molding are well known. Hsu and Jeffers are applied as above in the rejection of claim 5 for teaching such a suitable alternative which involves casting into a rubber mold having a plurality of identical figures. The examiner's position is that selection from among known suitable molding methods involves no more than routine

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design choice for one having ordinary skill in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to form a decorative article of the type shown by Tukakoshi by a casting method suggested by Hsu as modified by Jeffers because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to select from among known suitable molding methods as a matter of routine design choice.

7. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tukakoshi in view of Hsu and Jeffers as applied to claims 5 and 7 above, and further in view of Mohiuddin.

Mohiuddin is applied as above in the rejection of claim 6.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MICHAEL A. TOLIN whose telephone number is (571)272-8633. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Crispino can be reached on 571-272-1226. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

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/Michael A Tolin/ Examiner, Art Unit 1791

/Richard Crispino/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1791